



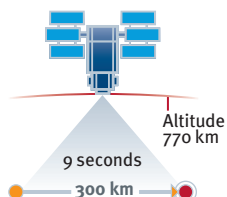
WorldView-2 Collection Capacity

Launching in October 2009, WorldView-2 will be the first high-resolution commercial satellite to provide half-meter panchromatic and 2 meter multispectral resolution across 8 spectral bands.

With the addition of WorldView-2, DigitalGlobe's constellation of satellites will be unprecedented in the commercial imaging industry, enabling commercial and government customers around the globe to access a broad selection of geospatial information products from a single source.



WORLDVIEW-2 ALTITUDE AND SLEW TIME



WorldView-2 will bring increased reliability to the acquisition of satellite imagery. With a collection capacity of up to 975,000 km² per day (equivalent to the area of France and Germany combined), plus average revisit times of 1.1 days and large area/in-track stereo capabilities, WorldView-2 will strategically collect high-resolution imagery and predictably refresh our vast ImageLibrary. WorldView-2 will enable DigitalGlobe to make high-resolution multispectral imagery truly ubiquitous, by providing affordable access to current and comprehensive high-resolution imagery.

The combination of increased altitude, advanced agility, bi-directional detectors, and multiple ground stations will allow WorldView-2 to achieve such tremendous collection rates. WorldView-2's 770 km orbiting altitude combined with state-of-the-art Control Moment Gyros (CMG) provides rapid retargeting. And with the bi-directional push broom sensors, the CMGs will maneuver WorldView-2 like a paintbrush, acquiring a maximum area of over 10,000 km² in a single overhead pass. The agility and bi-directional scanning will also enable efficient in-track stereo collections of over 5,000 km².

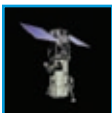
PROVEN TECHNOLOGY

WorldView-1, the prelude to WorldView-2, has demonstrated the enormous collection capabilities that can be achieved with CMGs and bi-directional sensors. WorldView-1 has completely collected:

- The San Francisco Bay Area (7,700 km²) in a single pass, with low off-nadir imagery
- The Straits of Hormuz (37,058 km²) with 45 degree off-nadir imagery on single pass
- The SWAT Valley (711,453 km²) with repeat passes during the two month humanitarian crisis

WorldView-2, with at least 25% more capacity than WorldView-1, will double the overall collection capacity of the DigitalGlobe Constellation, increase the collection of multispectral imagery by nearly 10 times, and provide highly accurate imagery that can support map creation around the globe. The entire constellation will be capable of intraday revisits, creating a new standard on the availability of current high-resolution imagery.



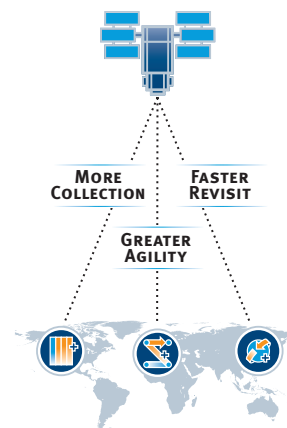


WorldView-2

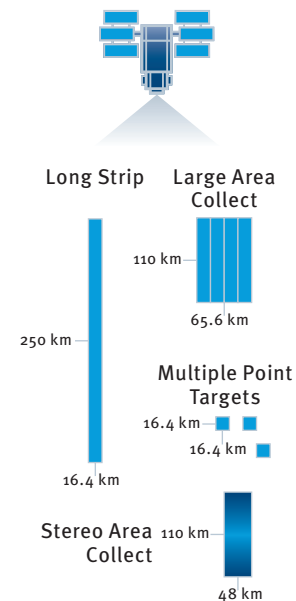
DESIGN AND SPECIFICATIONS

Launch Information	Date: Anticipated October 2009 Launch Vehicle: Delta 7920 (9 strap-ons) Launch Site: Vandenberg Air Force Base
Orbit	Altitude: 770 kilometers Type: Sun synchronous, 10:30 am descending node Period: 100 minutes
Mission Life	7.25 years, including all consumables and degradables (e.g. propellant)
Spacecraft Size, Mass and Power	4.3 meters (14 feet) tall x 2.5 meters (8 feet) across 7.1 meters (23 feet) across the deployed solar arrays 2800 kilograms (6200 pounds) 3.2 kW solar array, 100 Ahr battery
Sensor Bands	Panchromatic + 8 Multispectral: 4 standard colors: red, blue, green, near-IR 4 new colors: red edge, coastal, yellow and near-IR2
Sensor Resolution	Panchromatic: 0.46 meters GSD at nadir*, 0.52 meters GSD at 20° off-nadir Multispectral: 1.84 meters GSD at nadir*, 2.08 meters GSD at 20° off-nadir
Dynamic Range	11-bits per pixel
Swath Width	16.4 kilometers at nadir
Attitude Determination and Control	3-axis Stabilized Actuators: Control Moment Gyros (CMGs) Sensors: Star trackers, solid state IRU, GPS
Pointing Accuracy and Knowledge	Accuracy: <500 meters at image start and stop Knowledge: Supports geolocation accuracy below
Retargeting Agility	Acceleration: 1.5 deg/s/s Rate: 3.5 deg/s Time to Slew 300 kilometers: 9 seconds
Onboard Storage	2199 gigabits solid state with EDAC
Communications	Image and Ancillary Data: 800 Mbps X-band Housekeeping: 4, 16 or 32 kbps real-time, 524 kbps stored, X-band Command: 2 or 64 kbps S-band
Max Viewing Angle / Accessible Ground Swath	Nominally +/-45° off-nadir = 1355 km wide swath Higher angles selectively available
Per Orbit Collection	524 gigabits
Max Contiguous Area Collected in a Single Pass	96 x 110 km mono 48 x 110 km stereo
Revisit Frequency	1.1 days at 1 meter GSD or less 3.7 days at 20° off-nadir or less (0.52 meter GSD)
Geolocation Accuracy (CE90%)	Specification of 6.5m CE90, with predicted performance in the range of 4.6 to 10.7 meters (15 to 35 feet) CE90, excluding terrain and off-nadir effects With registration to GCPs in image: 2.0 meters (6.6 feet)

* Distribution and use of imagery at better than .50 m GSD pan and 2.0 m GSD multispectral is subject to prior approval by the U.S. Government.



COLLECTION SCENARIOS



SENSOR BANDS

-  Panchromatic
-  Multispectral
-  4 Additional Bands

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